

UNDERSTAND THE DIFFERENCES: IN-STATE TUITION VS. CA DREAM ACT VS. DACA

Revised 1/2023

JURISDICTION	STATE OF CALIFORNIA			FEDERAL
Policy	In-State Tuition	CA Dream Act (Financial Aid)		Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA)
Law	AB 540, as amended by SB 68, SB 1141 & AB 2000	AB 130	AB 131	Executive Memorandum
What It Does	 AB 540 exempts more students from out-of-state tuition fees Makes students eligible to apply for financial aid under the CA Dream Act 	Opens certain scholarships administered by public institutions to AB 540 students	Opens state-funded grants (including Cal grants, State grants, UC Grants & the CA College Promise Grant) and state programs (EOP & EOPS) to AB 540 students	 Allows individuals to receive: Employment authorization card and valid Social Security Number Temporary Relief from Deportation/ Removal
What It Does Not Do	Does not change their state residency status.	 Does not include eligibility for federal grants or funds Should not be confused with the federal Dream Act 		 Does not provide a path to lawful permanent residence, or citizenship Does not give eligibility for federal financial aid awarded through FAFSA
Who Can Apply	Undocumented & DACAmented individuals, T and U visa holders, US citizens, & lawfully present immigrants that meet eligibility criteria. <u>NOTE</u> : Students with non-immigrant status (other than T or U visas) are not eligible under this pathway.	AB 540 eligible individuals who are undocumented, DACAmented individuals, T and U Visa holders, U.S. citizens, and lawfully present immigrants who meet eligibility criteria. <u>NOTE</u> : Students with non-immigrant status (other than T or U visas) are not eligible under this pathway		Currently, only individuals who had DACA in the past may submit a DACA renewal application. <u>NOTE</u> : People should speak with a legal services provider if they have questions about their specific situation.
Eligibility Requirements	 Student must complete both A & B Part A: Attend three years full-time or the part-time equivalent credits at a CA high school, adult school, Community College (credit or noncredit), or any combination of the above <u>OR</u> Three years of high school coursework and three years of total attendance in a CA elementary school or secondary school <u>OR</u> any combination of the two. Part B: Graduate from a CA high school; obtain a certificate of completion, GED, Hi-Set or TASC in CA; <u>or</u> attain an Associate's degree from a CCC or fulfill minimum transfer requirements for UC or CSU 	Student must meet: • AB 540 eligibility • Individual scholarship requirements	 Student must meet: AB 540 eligibility Priority filing deadline income guidelines GPA & other Cal grant eligibility Program requirements for EOP or EOP&S 	For DACA eligibility, please go to ilrc.org/daca or uscis.gov For more information about renewing your DACA, use our Steps to Renew DACA flyer at immigrantsrising.org/renewdaca For DACA updates, go to immigrantsrising.org/daca

Immigrants Rising helps you make decisions based on your potential, not your perceived limits. Visit our website so you can see what's possible: immigrantsrising.org. For inquiries regarding this resource, please contact Nancy Jodaitis, Director of Higher Education, at nancy@immigrantsrising.org